

# **Norwich Bulletin and Courier** 124 YEARS OLD

Subscription price 10c a week; 50c a month; \$4.00 a year. Entered at the Postoffice at Norwich, Conn., as second-class matter. Telephone Calls: Bulletin Office, 424; Bulletin Editorial Room, 25-2; Bulletin Job Office, 25-2; Williams Office, 23; Church, 185.

Norwich, Thursday, Nov. 18, 1920.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS. The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news dispatches received by it, or by its wire, or by any other means, and also the local news published herein. All rights of reproduction of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

**CIRCULATION**  
WEEK ENDING NOV. 13th, 1920  
**11,012**

## **CUTTING GOVERNMENT EXPENSES.**

One of the ways in which there has been a decided retrenchment in government expenditures is the cutting down of the large number of federal employees who are retained in jobs which were made necessary by the war but which have since been continued more because of the political benefit that would come through the keeping of such people on the government payroll rather than the work which they are required to do. The war force is not of course maintained at its maximum and neither is it down to the minimum that will permit of efficient conduct of the business of the various departments. There are certain departments where a much larger number of employees is necessitated by the new war that is imposed by the war. The war risk bureau is for instance one of the government branches that must have a large force where none existed before the war and where even though the war is over the work is by no means ended. It is not to be expected that any administration would undertake to cut the large number of employees to the point where confusion and a worse handling of the business would result. That would be more detrimental than the outlay caused by keeping more employees than are required. It is not a matter of the work of the bureau that is aimed at but an economy of administration which will tend to do away with the expenditure of more for useless purposes.

If there is going to be proper and effective retrenchment there must be attention devoted to this matter. Members of congress who may have in the past opposed such curtailment must consider that it is the welfare of the country rather than their own personal political well being that must get consideration. There should be sufficient help in all departments but as in any line of business where there is an economy of help there must be the cutting down of the number to the point where those who are retained correspond to the requirements of taking care of the business at hand. Waste should be eliminated in such cases as well as in all others.

## **ARE BOTH TO BLAME?**

The controversy between the Western Union and the department of state doesn't appear to be getting any nearer a reconciliation the longer it continues. It has now come to the point where it is being tried before the public without in all probability giving the public all the facts upon which to base its judgment. It is rather a surprising order of the effect that the cable business of the state department will not be handled unless it is paid for in advance. It is unusual for a government to be treated in any such manner and while each side may be throwing out smoke screens to influence opinion one way or the other without getting too close to the actual facts the idea of holding up government business unless there is absolutely a good reason for it will hardly appeal to the public.

Whether such an order is due to the fact that the government has not paid its bills for a period of many months, or whether it is a move made because the department of state refused to permit the handling of the South American cable in Florida it would appear that each was a separate matter and certainly if the government was paying its bills as it would there would be no chance for the Western Union to fall back on such an excuse for refusing government business. It is in fact the real reason is the cable dispute. It is well known how prompt the government expects corporations to be in paying their bills and taxes. It might seem similar reasoning when it comes to paying government indebtedness.

But should the Western Union be trying to embarrass the department of state because there are good and sufficient reasons why it has prevented the handling of the British cable the trouble assumes an entirely different aspect. One should have nothing to do with the other, and if, as is entirely possible, there may be a little blame on each side, the quicker an understanding is reached the better it will be for all concerned. It doesn't sound well to have it said that these Sam's agents are not paying his bills, any more than it does that a corporation should undertake to penalize the government because a decision didn't please it.

## **JAPANESE IN THE CENSUS.**

According to figures which are put out by the census bureau some interesting light is being thrown upon the Japanese question as it concerns the western states. The opposition to the Japanese appears to have not only grown in the Pacific states but to have developed in such a way that it has succeeded in cutting down the Japanese gains within the past decade as compared with the previous ten years. By the 1910 census it was shown that the Japanese in California had gained at the rate of over 300 per cent. in ten years, while by the 1920 census there has been a gain of less than 10 per cent. in the decade just ended. That means quite a decrease considered from the standpoint of percentages, but there was also a smaller increase in the actual number of Japanese for there was an increase of 28,540 in the last ten years while in the previous census period the gain was 31,208. There was also a similar decrease in the Oregon Japanese.

In Hawaii the situation was different. There the census shows a Japanese population of 102,260 out of a total population of 255,312 where the increase in ten

years has amounted to 37 per cent. From the gains that have been made in ten years in the Pacific coast states it would appear that there was far less ground for alarm on the part of that section than there would be for the gains which have taken place in Hawaii. And it is to be supposed that Hawaii will be pointed to as an example of what might be expected would take place in California, Oregon and other states if there was not the opposition and efforts to restrict. The Japanese growth in Hawaii will serve California as an argument why it should look well after its own interests. It may be and probably is a fact that California without its alien land law did not stand in the same position as Hawaii, but the manner in which the Japanese are threatening to control the majority of the people of the islands is certainly not being overlooked along the coast.

## **THE GREEK ELECTION.**

Perhaps to those outside rather than those in Greece does the action of the Greeks in the repudiation of the Venizelos policies come as a surprise. From the results of the election it would appear that there was quite as much of a demand for Venizelos as of Venizelos. It was expected from those who had been viewing the situation from a distance believed that there would be an insistence upon retaining his leadership and influence. But in Greece as in other countries the war conditions and the methods that have been employed in connection therewith have apparently increased the demands for a change, and even though the change must come through the elimination of the man who has done so much for Greece it has nevertheless been shown by the results. That Venizelos has failed to get an endorsement for his course is evident. Those who have opposed him have found sufficient ground upon which to direct the attacks against him, and their appeals have borne fruit as the election figures plainly show. If Greece is going to abide by the outcome, and that is the basis upon which it is to be expected it will act, it means the end of Venizelos influence for the time being. That he should immediately sever his connection with the government is to be expected. But the repudiation of Venizelos should not necessarily mean the return of Constantine. That is a possibility and one upon which the former king seems to be placing much dependence, but it would indicate a policy which the new Greek government could hardly want to endorse in view of the known attitude of the other European countries toward Constantine. Such it is believed would arouse much more resentment among the backers of Venizelos than has been caused by his defeat, and the feeling is such that peace in Greece is something to which there cannot be complete indifference. The elimination of Venizelos appears to be a big enough step backward without making it worse by permitting the return of Constantine.

## **THRIFT AND ECONOMY.**

Instruction in the practical aspects of thrift and economy, we think, is the only means of stemming the tide of waste and extravagance. This is a resolution that was adopted by a committee of state school superintendents following a conference with officials of the treasury department and the American Bankers association.

The tide of waste and extravagance is one that is harder to stop than to start. For a few years it has had more than the usual amount of encouragement and it can be appreciated that it is none too early to begin determined efforts to check the increased activity therein and block whatever tendency in that direction that may be influenced. When it becomes difficult to get certain goods and materials during the period of the war there was a most commendable thrift campaign undertaken. There was not only an effort made to eliminate waste but to get along with only what was actually necessary. The lessons in saving that were taught cannot fail to have made impressions that it will be difficult to shake in the minds of many at least and the good services that were performed through such policies can well be continued through such instructions as the superintendents recommend.

## **EDITORIAL NOTES.**

It is quite natural to expect that there would be political lullards in Greece.

When General Wrangel began to yield he found that there was no way to stop.

Have you done what you think you should in the way of supporting the Red Cross?

The man on the corner says: Have you figured up the number of paydays before Christmas?

The gambler must wonder why he is getting such considerable attention during these November days.

Alaska's population is said to be on the decline but the new gold find ought to bring it back with a rush.

The fellow who has his collar full of most anything but water is the envy of his friends and neighbors.

Those who cannot get tickets to the Yale-Harvard game may be well satisfied when they learn the score.

The same spirit that was back of the republican campaign doesn't appear to be boosting Yale very much this season.

In the calling off of the Cork hunger strike there is a realization that the strikers are worth more dead than alive.

Governor Cox appears to have dropped completely out of the day's news but it is only what has been expected for months.

That fellow knows how to dodge worry who is already patting himself on the back because we are going to have a mild winter.

It is necessary of course to have full brooks before winter can set in and November is at a job October seemed to have overlooked.

President Wilson is said to look much better since election. It lifted a big load off his mind even though it was in a different way than desired.

The cut in the price of different kinds of wearing apparel shows that people have not been buying just because the prices have been skyhigh.

# **THE TRANSFORMATION OF ISABEL**

"Who was that?" asked the girl in blue after the girl in black had passed. "It wasn't—couldn't be Isabel!" The girl in brown nodded over her shoulder. She was Isabel's sister. "Is—how—what?" "She gets look different, doesn't she?" Isabel's mother prepared to tell a tale. "If only you knew what we've gone through with that child. Remember how gawky she was at 15? And how messy her hair was and her clothes and everything? We tried all the ways we knew to make that girl take care of her clothes. She was a simply monstrous. A stooking was a stooking to her, even full of ice, and the fact that her suit was wrinkled or her collar soiled left her serene as a summer day. She wouldn't black her shoes and mother had to bribe her to count her hair and not wear silly brushes to church. She had no more vanity than 10 year old Teddy. She was awful."

"She looked simply stunning today," praised the girl in blue, still dazed by the memory of Isabel.

The girl in brown smiled in the consciousness of great wisdom. "That was my doing," she explained. "After mother had tried scolding and punishment and threats and bribes and father had refused to take her to the theatre because he was ashamed of her looks and Teddy had made fun of her all to no avail, I tried flattery regular oil fashioned flattery."

"Did you ever notice that your positive virtues are much dearer to your heart than your positive ones?" One day somebody told me I had such a splendid straight carriage and it did more toward making me remember to stand up straight than all the scolding about round shoulders I'd ever had. That gave me an idea.

"I went home and found Isabel trying to eat five pounds of chocolates all at once, and instead of telling her that they'd ruin her complexion I looked at her admiringly and said that her skin was perfectly beautiful. I wished mine was like it."

"And the next time when her hair looked particularly awful, I sat around admiringly about its lovely color, and the waves over her ears. Then I got Arthur Jones, who was always coming to see me then, to tell her she was the most graceful girl he knew, and Cousin Genevieve entered into my little scheme by raving about her style and general air of sprightliness."

"Well, of course, an older and more sophisticated person might have suspected something was afoot. But we were careful not to spread it on too thick, and before long I found her doing surreptitious things to her complexion and saying her allowance for the hairdresser. Arthur told her hands were really beautiful, so she kept her nails manicured, and, of course, since she was thought chic and stylish, she very promptly gave evidence of taking pride in becoming more so."

"It worked like a charm. Before three months were passed Isabel was almost transformed. Of course, it made her a bit vain, but that will wear off as she grows older; she really has a lot of sense. And the most astonishing thing about it is that she has turned stunning. None of us really thought she could when we began. It only goes to show you—"

"How far a consciousness of well-being will carry you," finished the girl in brown thoughtfully. "I wish some one would flatter me like that. I could really get going. I'd work harder."

"And if you did work harder probably you could paint," flashed her friend. "All you need is to be flattered a bit. If I were rich I'd endow a college of flattery, whose business it would be to go around sticking self-conceit and confidence into folks who were born without any!"—Exchange.

# **THE STORY of Our STATE**

By JONATHAN BRACE—Copyrighted, 1920

## **XLV. OKLAHOMA**

OKLAHOMA. Guthrie were well on their way to the first full fledged boom in the territory. The latter in particular seemed to be bursting city. In less than three hours a city council was elected at four o'clock with over 10,000 votes cast, and the Oklahoma Herald issued its first edition before the "boomers" had reached town. In less than six months Guthrie had four newspapers, electric lights, street cars, and half a dozen banks. Additional lands were opened up for settlement in later years and the same scenes of phenomenal growth were repeated.

Thus was developed this region which came into the possession of the United States as a part of the Louisiana Purchase in 1803 and which was set aside for so many years as Indian Country. Previous to the formation of Oklahoma Territory, Congress had forbidden white settlers in this part of the country, and this edict was enforced by federal troops. As the demand for more land was felt and as the Indian decreased in number, the Indian Territory was added to Oklahoma Territory, and in 1907 it was admitted to the Union as the State of Oklahoma, adding eleven star to our flag, which for seven years had contained forty-four. The state has claimed such an extent that it has two presidential electors, which is more than double that of many of the older states of larger size. Its area is 70,657 square miles.

will look eagerly to the larger indemnities which Germany may be able to pay. Others will recall the need in this country for stimulating our own trade, and getting harder to work. Others will realize that we cannot be prosperous in England and Europe also in prosperity, till we can receive goods from Germany and other countries as well as send them goods, and that living cannot become cheaper here till it is less dear abroad.

The Londoner's Burden—London householders, who are today confronted for the first time with a rate of twenty shillings.

"Well, Miss R.," said the sister, "White has to spend nearly all of his vacation time in keeping the butterflies off of our cabbage plants."

Apple Butter.

Ruth was fond of apple butter spread on her bread, the thicker the better. Recently she made her first visit to the country. After several days she said to her hostess: "Didn't you have any apples to feed your cows with this year?" The puzzled farmer's wife inquired: "Why do you ask that?" "Cause," came the reply, "I don't see any apple butter."

## **Stories That Recall Others**

Seen Enough of Them.

An enthusiastic young art teacher had obtained a number of beautiful moths and butterflies for her art lesson. When she was calling the attention of the children to the beautiful shape and brilliant colors, she noticed one little boy with a look of disgust on his face, deliberately turn his head in another direction and refuse to look at the specimens.

The indignant young teacher sent for his sister at recess time and told her how her young brother had behaved during the lesson.

"Well, Miss R.," said the sister, "White has to spend nearly all of his vacation time in keeping the butterflies off of our cabbage plants."

**KONDON'S**  
CATARRHAL JELLY  
FOR  
**Colds**

Get a tube today. Makes your head and nose feel fine.

Easy to apply  
Quick to act

20 treatment in FREE—Write  
**KONDON MFG. CO.**  
Minneapolis, Minn.

**GLEANNED FROM FOREIGN EXCHANGES.**

There are many morals which different parties may be inclined to draw from the promise of German recovery. Some

**Safe Milk** for INFANTS & INVALIDS

ASK FOR  
**Horlick's**  
The Original

Avoid Imitations and Substitutes.

For Infants, Invalids and Growing Children  
The Original Food-Drink For All Ages

Rich Milk, Malted Grain Extract in Powder  
No Cooking—Nourishing—Digestible

Horlick's Malted Milk

**CHILDREN'S BOOK WEEK**

**IS PASSING**

Have you felt the thrill of pleasure occasioned by making some child happy with a new book?

We have suitable books for all ages.

Buy today and give happiness at the same time you are made happy.

**The Cranston Co.**

Those who cannot get tickets to the Yale-Harvard game may be well satisfied when they learn the score.

The same spirit that was back of the republican campaign doesn't appear to be boosting Yale very much this season.

In the calling off of the Cork hunger strike there is a realization that the strikers are worth more dead than alive.

Governor Cox appears to have dropped completely out of the day's news but it is only what has been expected for months.

That fellow knows how to dodge worry who is already patting himself on the back because we are going to have a mild winter.

It is necessary of course to have full brooks before winter can set in and November is at a job October seemed to have overlooked.

President Wilson is said to look much better since election. It lifted a big load off his mind even though it was in a different way than desired.

The cut in the price of different kinds of wearing apparel shows that people have not been buying just because the prices have been skyhigh.

**Over sixty million breakfasts with Maple Karo last year**

Does it interest you to know that Maple Karo outsells all different kinds of maple syrups? Delicious flavor—moderate price the reason

Two big reasons stand out for the record breaking sales of Maple Karo:

First—The flavor of Maple Karo is not an "imitation." The makers are the world's largest users of the purest and best flavored maple sugar.

Over a thousand tons are brought annually from Vermont and Canada—where the finest maple trees grow.

This sugar is used to make Maple Karo and to give it its delicious flavor.

The second reason is quite as interesting as the first:

Maple Karo is remarkably moderate in price—selling at a lower price than any other syrup of approaching quality and flavor.

Over five million cans were sold last year.

Get a can of Maple Karo in the GREEN CAN from your grocer today. If you are not pleased with it, the grocer will gladly return your money.

**NATIONAL STARCH CO.**  
Sole Representatives for Corn Products Refining Co.  
47 Farnsworth Street, Boston, Mass. **W. A. Gillett, Manager**

**The New Maple Karo**

**FREE** 64-page Corn Products Cook Book—beautifully illustrated. Write for it to Corn Products Refining Co., P. O. Box 161, New York.

ings or more in the pound, are beginning to ask themselves whether life in the metropolis is worth the price. With a fifty-pound rent screwed up to seventy pounds, a fairish assessment increased proportionately, and a rate levied of twenty shillings in the pound, the fifty-pound householder who, twenty years ago paid about twelve pounds in rates, may easily find himself today mortgaged in 55 pounds for rates on top of his 70 pound rent. It is the compulsory purchaser of his house the penalty for continuing his London citizenship may amount to another 20 pounds or more in

additional interest. What is Dr. Addison going to do about it?—London Chronicle.

And Then Some.

Immigrants now coming to the United States are said to be well supplied with money. They'll need it.—Charleston News and Courier.

Lonesome Without Trouble.

Popocatepetl is reported to be in eruption. Well, in Mexico, if it isn't Villa it has to be something else.—New York Herald.

Clothing made of feathers as a substitute for wool has been invented by an Italian genius.

"YOUR MEDICINE IS K." Mrs. Charles Hale, New Britain, writes: "Your medicine, Dr. K. I think Foley's Honey and Tar, is the best for coughs. I think your medicine is just what I need. I know I would never be able to get it. You may use my name." Foley's Honey and Tar acts quickly, checks coughs, colds and croup, cures the pleurisy, opens air passages and allays irritation. It stops sleep-disturbing, coughing, night. Children like it. Contains no opiates. Lee & Osipoff.

ings or more in the pound, are beginning to ask themselves whether life in the metropolis is worth the price. With a fifty-pound rent screwed up to seventy pounds, a fairish assessment increased proportionately, and a rate levied of twenty shillings in the pound, the fifty-pound householder who, twenty years ago paid about twelve pounds in rates, may easily find himself today mortgaged in 55 pounds for rates on top of his 70 pound rent. It is the compulsory purchaser of his house the penalty for continuing his London citizenship may amount to another 20 pounds or more in

additional interest. What is Dr. Addison going to do about it?—London Chronicle.

And Then Some.

Immigrants now coming to the United States are said to be well supplied with money. They'll need it.—Charleston News and Courier.

Lonesome Without Trouble.

Popocatepetl is reported to be in eruption. Well, in Mexico, if it isn't Villa it has to be something else.—New York Herald.

Clothing made of feathers as a substitute for wool has been invented by an Italian genius.

"YOUR MEDICINE IS K." Mrs. Charles Hale, New Britain, writes: "Your medicine, Dr. K. I think Foley's Honey and Tar, is the best for coughs. I think your medicine is just what I need. I know I would never be able to get it. You may use my name." Foley's Honey and Tar acts quickly, checks coughs, colds and croup, cures the pleurisy, opens air passages and allays irritation. It stops sleep-disturbing, coughing, night. Children like it. Contains no opiates. Lee & Osipoff.

**It Will Be Easier to Prepare Your THANKSGIVING DINNER WITH A McDUGALL KITCHEN CABINET**

**\$68.00—\$75.00**

**Special Offerings of Dining Room Sets**

OFFERING No. 1	OFFERING No. 2
AMERICAN WALNUT SET, 9-pieces	MAHOGANY SET, 9-pieces
<b>\$325.00</b>	<b>\$350.00</b>
Regular Selling Price	Regular Selling Price
BUFFET ..... \$115.00	BUFFET ..... \$125.00
TABLE, 45" HIG. .... \$75.00	TABLE ..... \$85.00
CHINA CLOSET ..... \$85.00	CHINA CLOSET ..... \$95.00
SERVER ..... \$35.00	TEA WAGON ..... \$15.00
4 CHAIRS ..... \$125.00	4 CHAIRS ..... \$135.00
1 ARM CHAIR ..... \$15.00	1 ARM CHAIR ..... \$15.00
<b>\$362.50</b>	<b>\$375.50</b>

OFFERING No. 3	OFFERING No. 4
GOLDEN OAK SET	GOLDEN OAK SET
<b>\$210.00</b>	<b>\$135.00</b>
Regular Selling Price	Regular Selling Price
BUFFET ..... \$75.00	BUFFET ..... \$85.00
TABLE ..... \$45.00	TABLE ..... \$55.00
CHINA ..... \$35.00	CHINA ..... \$45.00
4 CHAIRS ..... \$45.00	5 CHAIRS ..... \$55.00
1 ARM CHAIR ..... \$15.00	
<b>\$234.50</b>	<b>\$199.50</b>

**COME AND SEE THE NEW RUGS AND LINOLEUMS**

**N. S. Gilbert & Sons**

ECONOMY CORNER SHETUCKET STREET

"PONY VOTES FOR THE CHILDREN"